with the States. The performance ranking based on selected indicators for Financial year 2007-08 was to facilitate internal review in which Rajasthan secured 124.71 points to the credit and Maharashtra secured 27th rank with 40.85 points.

New roads constructed under PMGSY in district Katihar, Bihar

371. SHRI TARIQ ANWAR: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state the details of new roads constructed under Prime Minister Gram Sadak Yojana and other Central Government sponsored schemes in district Katihar, Bihar?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): Under Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY), construction of Rs. 120.084 km. road length has been completed so far with the expenditure of Rs. 5803.36 lakh in Katihar district of Bihar.

Norms for determining wages under NREGS

†372. SHRI PRABHAT JHA: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the norms for determining wages for working on the surface and underground under NREGS are different;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether Government proposes to formulate a special scheme for the labourers who do the hazardous work under NREGS; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDRA SEKHAR SAHU): (a) and (b) The payment of wages under NREGA is made either on time rate basis or in accordance with Schedule of Rates (SOR).

(c) No, Sir. The permissible activities under NREGA, as laid down in para 1 of Schedule-I of NREG Act are non-hazardous in nature.

(d) Does not arise.

Rural Employment Schemes

†373. SHRI PRABHAT JHA: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the number of rural employment related schemes approved and being operated by Central Government;

(b) the State-wise and scheme-wise details of targets and achievements pertaining to these schemes during the last three years;

(c) whether all the States have been provided financial assistance in keeping with the scheme; and

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI SURYAKANTA PATIL): (a) The Ministry of Rural Development implemented the Swaranjayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY), as self employment programme and Sampooran Gramin Rojgar Yojana (SGRY), National Food for Work Programme (NFFWP), and National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (NREGA), as wage employment programmes in rural areas of the country during the last three years.

(b) to (d) State-wise and scheme-wise details of achievements under SGSY, SGRY, NFFWP and NREGA are given in the Statement-I, II, III and IV respectively (*See* below). All the States have been provided financial assistance as per guideline of the Schemes.

Statement-I

No. of Swarozgaris Assisted Under SGSY

Sl.No.	States/UTs	No. of Swarozgaris Assisted		
		2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andhra Pradesh	132462	638843	117138
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	2013	1878	303
3.	Assam	55753	74413	100261
4.	Bihar	131033	109350	98664
5.	Chhattisgarh	28971	33669	42393
6.	Goa	625	711	531
7.	Gujarat	30948	27237	35786
8.	Haryana	14955	14158	18781
9.	Himachal Pradesh	8457	5905	5757
10.	Jammu and Kashmir	7185	8219	5048
11.	Jharkhand	79847	69077	77168
12.	Karnataka	46924	46407	61473
13.	Kerala	22483	22401	29719
14.	Madhya Pradesh	56456	59781	56159
15.	Maharashtra	73839	84707	79223
16.	Manipur	1964	3560	2895
17.	Meghalaya	1835	3328	1376

1	2	3	4	5
18.	Mizoram	1575	11856	4728
19.	Nagaland	3508	3273	2445
20.	Orissa	63904	68687	87171
21.	Punjab	5923	10532	8834
22.	Rajasthan	33476	38445	31030
23.	Sikkim	1466	1397	1324
24.	Tamil Nadu	39708	53509	83280
25.	Tripura	6188	9551	7721
26.	Uttar Pradesh	261080	257577	260965
27.	Uttaranchal	17243	10564	13482
28.	West Bengal	18829	28251	33551
29.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	1594	215	195
30.	Daman and Diu	0	0	0
31.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	0	0	0
32.	Lakshadweep	15	42	177
33.	Pondicherry	875	1293	1075
	TOTAL	1151116	1698836	1268653

Statement-II

Employment generated Under SGSY

Sl.No.	States	Employment generated (in Lac Persondays)		
		2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andhra Pradesh	434.16	136.40	62.05
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	9.42	11.74	1.72
3.	Assam	716.00	632.35	334.13
4.	Bihar	618.37	192.74	0.00
5.	Chhattisgarh	256.82	83.58	22.85

1	2	3	4	5
6.	Goa	1.91	2.64	1.39
7.	Gujarat	186.34	104.78	89.57
8.	Haryana	70.90	73.99	66.95
9.	Himachal Pradesh	36.48	24.32	9.28
10.	Jammu and Kashmir	42.09	29.18	0.00
11.	Jharkhand	407.43	40.97	0.00
12.	Karnataka	395.07	310.51	90.14
13.	Kerala	109.46	53.38	69.15
14.	Madhya Pradesh	533.55	267.72	147.15
15.	Maharashtra	659.28	412.54	203.12
16.	Manipur	13.56	32.30	0.17
17.	Meghalaya	41.74	34.67	17.82
18.	Mizoram	11.48	14.20	6.02
19.	Nagaland	33.10	13.60	11.35
20.	Orissa	556.02	183.61	74.17
21.	Punjab	36.68	44.19	31.65
22.	Rajasthan	182.54	162.76	101.93
23.	Sikkim	7.60	10.53	1.38
24.	Tamil Nadu	472.11	239.73	251.32
25.	Tripura	130.36	77.54	12.12
26.	Uttaranchal	102.02	86.64	65.63
27.	Uttar Pradesh	1608.65	797.53	324.74
28.	West Bengal	539.74	165.95	8.57
29.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	3.94	0.27	0.14
30.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	0.00	0.00	0.00
31.	Daman and Diu	0.00	0.00	0.00
32.	Lakshadweep	0.41	0.15	0.69
33.	Pondicherry	1.23	0.59	0.40
	ALL TOTAL	8218.45	4241.09	2005.60

Statement-III

Employment generated Under NFFWP

Sl. No.	State Code	Employment generated (in Lac Mandays) 2005-06
1.	Andhra Pradesh	187.07
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	6.76
3.	Assam	195.94
4.	Bihar	228.91
5.	Chhattisgarh	257.42
6.	Gujarat	77.55
7.	Haryana	4.55
8.	Himachal Pradesh	3.87
9.	Jammu and Kashmir	309.2
10.	Jharkhand	309.2
11.	Karnataka	36.52
12.	Kerala	0.28
13.	Madhya Pradesh	525.76
14.	Manipur	12.61
15.	Meghalaya	2.51
16.	Mizoram	1.99
17.	Orissa	461.63
18.	Punjab	7.05
19.	Rajasthan	78.87
20.	Sikkim	2.47
21.	Tamil Nadu	115.24
22.	Tripura	18.96
23.	Uttar Pradesh	182.14
24.	Uttarakhand	16.73
25.	West Bengal	209.04
	TOTAL	3252.27

Statement-IV

Employment generated Under NREGA

Sl. No.	States/UTs	Employment generated (Lac Persondays) 2006-07	Employment generated (in Lac Persondays) 2007-08
1	2	3	4
1.	Andhra Pradesh	678.77	2010.28
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	4.53	2.79
3.	Assam	572.92	487.61
4.	Bihar	596.87	843.03
5.	Gujarat	100.48	1316.11
6..	Haryana	24.12	90.06
7.	Himachal Pradesh	29.90	35.76
8.	Jammu and Kashmir	32.30	97.53
9.	Karnataka	222.01	36.80
10.	Kerala	20.48	747.54
11.	Madhya Pradesh	1971.77	197.78
12.	Maharashtra	159.28	60.75
13.	Manipur	18.57	2753.01
14.	Meghalaya	24.22	184.86
15.	Mizoram	7.85	48.32
16.	Nagaland	13.08	41.33
17.	Orissa	799.34	31.53
18.	Punjab	15.57	24.31
19.	Rajasthan	998.87	405.23
20.	Sikkim	2.42	19.15
21.	Tamil Nadu	182.79	1678.38
22.	Tripura	50.13	8.60
23.	Uttar Pradesh	822.91	645.25
24.	West Bengal	440.08	181.05

1	2	3	4
25.	Chhattisgarh	700.21	1363.05
26.	Jharkhand	520.47	80.34
27.	Uttaranchal	40.60	968.77
	Total	9050.54	14359.22

Change of criteria for providing drinking water in Rajasthan

†374. SHRI LALIT KISHORE CHATURVEDI: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the categories of villages and hamlets (dhaniva) covered for drinking water and the criteria thereof;

(b) whether the criteria is appropriate in the present circumstances in view of extravagant of the time and the labour;

(c) whether the Government of Rajasthan has been requesting to change this criteria; and

(d) whether Government would consider to changes in the existing criteria?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHANDRA SEKHAR SAHU): (a) and (b) The categories of villages and hamlets covered for Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP) are Not Covered (NC)/ No Safe Source (NSS) habitation and Partially Covered (PC) habitations. NC/NSS habitations do not have any drinking water source/point within 1.6 km of the habitations in plains or 100 meter elevation in hilly areas, or which have a water source but are affected with quality problems such as excess salinity, iron, fluoride, arsenic or other toxic elements or biologically contaminated. Habitations which have a safe drinking water source/point (either private or public) within 1.6 km. in plains and 100 meter in hill areas but the capacity of the system ranges between 10 lpcd to 40 lpcd, are categorised as "Partially Covered (PC)".

(c) and (d) Based on consultations with all States, including Rajasthan, the criteria for rural water supply has been changed with effect from 01.04.2009. The National objective is to provide every rural person with adequate water for drinking, cooking and other domestic basic needs on a sustainable basis. This basic requirement should meet certain minimum water quality standards and be available at all times, in all situations, in which it is readily and conveniently accessible.

Allocation of funds for rural development to Uttarakhand

†375. SHRI BHAGAT SINGH KOSHYARI: Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.